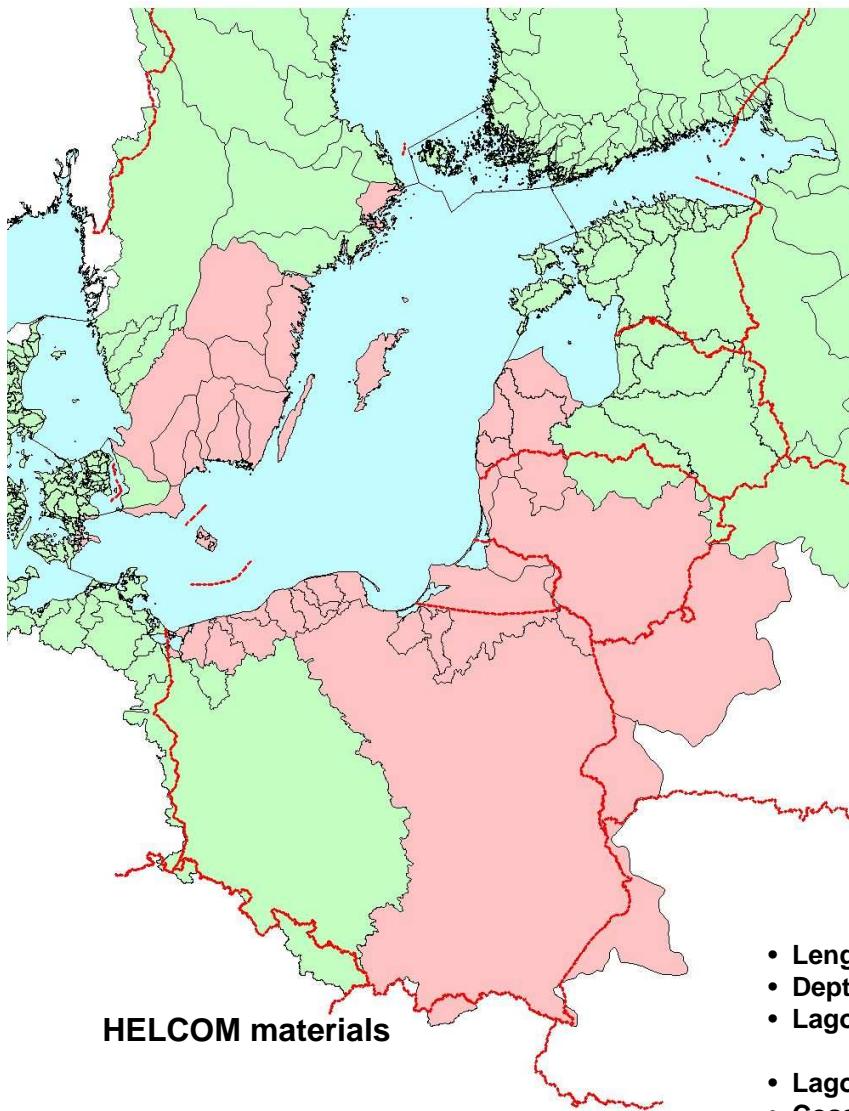


ECOSUPPORT in Kaliningrad: Up-today results of WP4

by Boris Chubarenko

Laboratory for Coastal Systems Study
Atlantic Branch of P.P.Shirshov Institute of Oceanology
Kalininograd, Prospect Mira, 1; chuboris@mail.ru





The Vistula Lagoon



Vistula Lagoon:

- Length - 90 km, width - 2÷11km
- Depth: 0.5 ÷ 5.2 m, 2.7 m (average)
- Lagoon area: 838 km²
(Russia 56%, Poland 44%)
- Lagoon water volume: 2.3 km³
- Coastal line – 270 km
- Salinity: 0.1÷6.5, 3.2 PSU (average)
- Average retention time: 45 days

Drainage basin:

- Catchment area: 23871 km²
(Russia 42%, Poland 58%)
- Watershed capacity – 15 cm a⁻¹
- Rivers: *Pregolia* (44%, 50÷600 m³/s)
Prokhladnya, *Elblag*, *Pasłka*,
Nogat, *Nelma*, etc.
- Population: 1.2 millions
- Nutrient load (1996-2002), t a⁻¹ :
Tot N – 14500, Tot P - 950

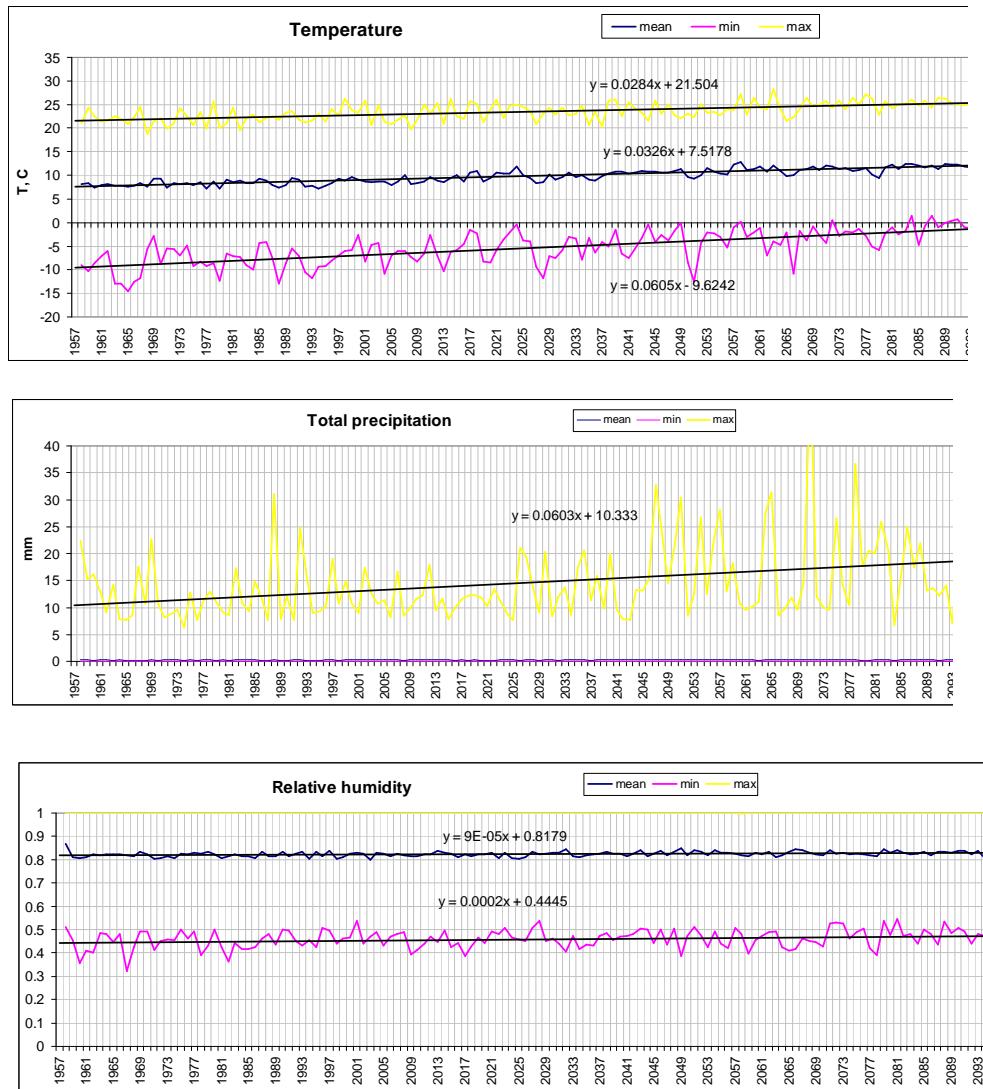
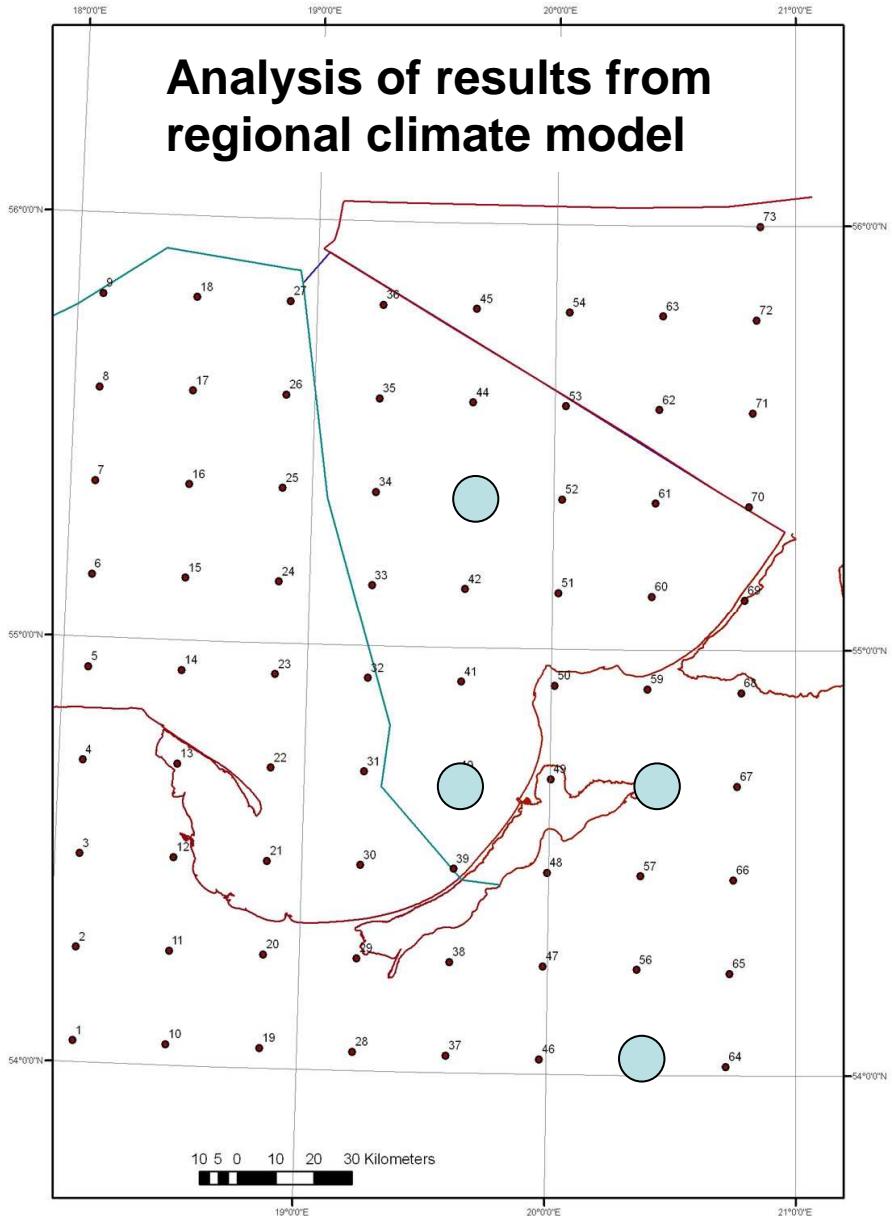
WP4: Impact on socioeconomic and regional development, case studies

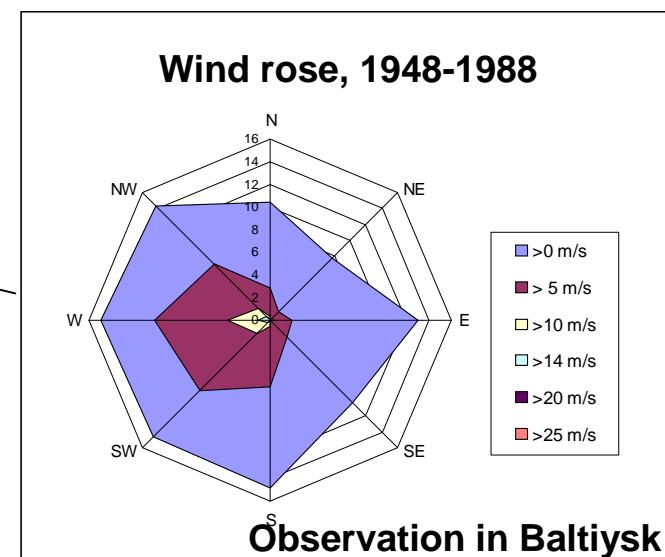
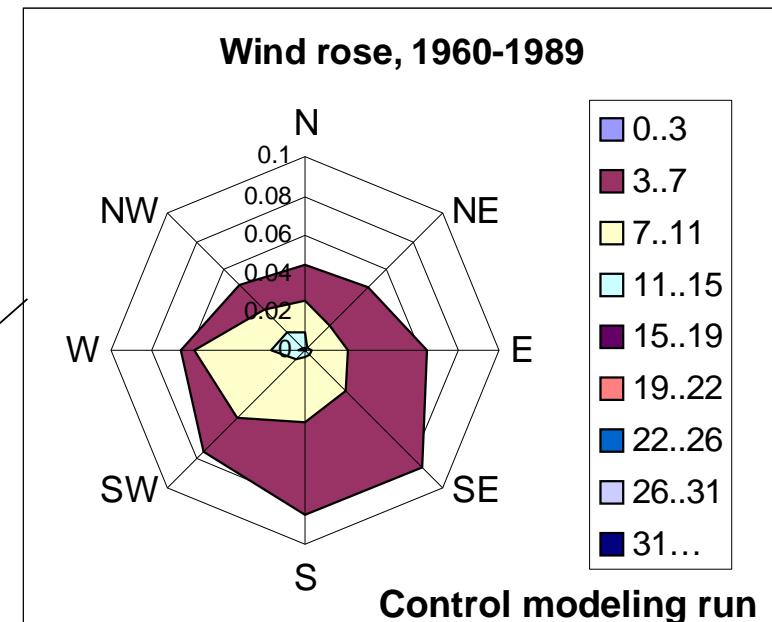
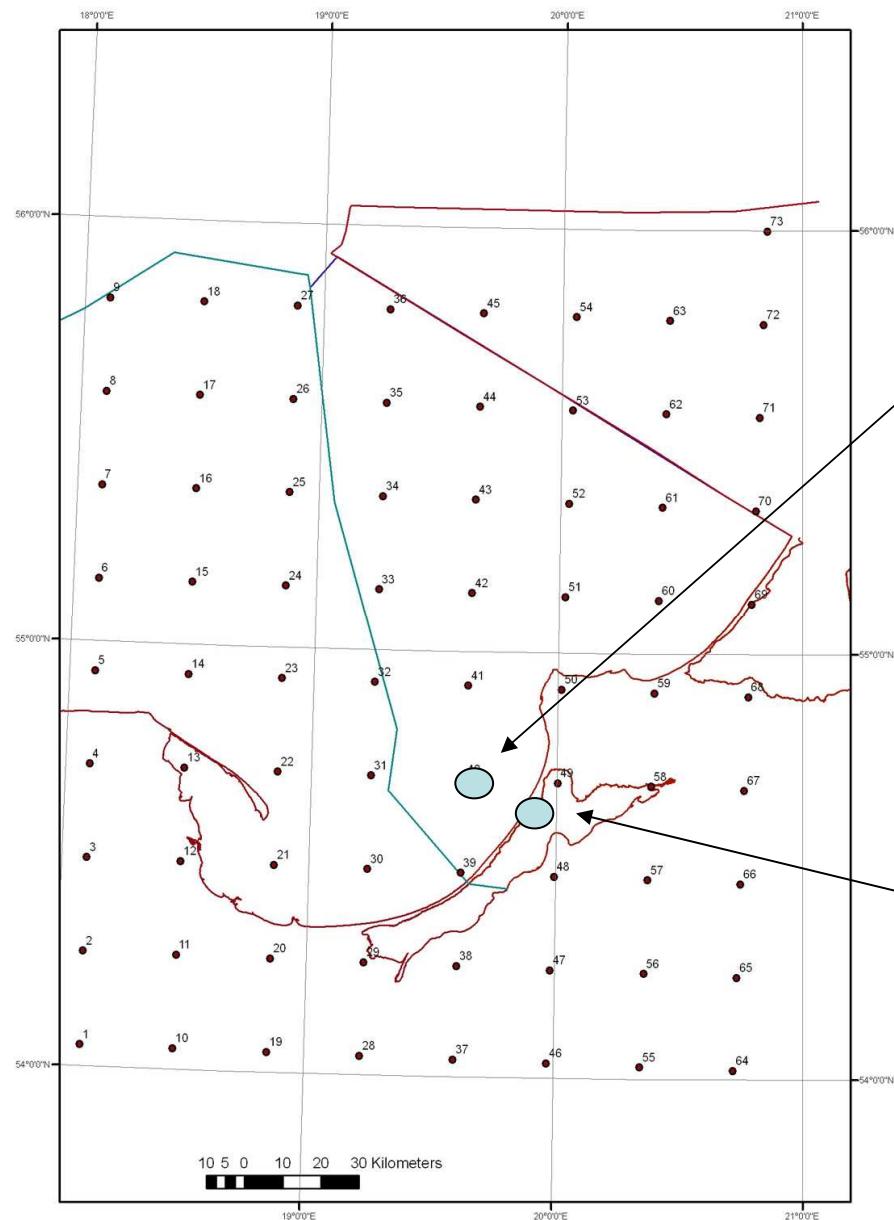
T4.2: Impacts on Vistula Lagoon (1-33) (ABIORAS)

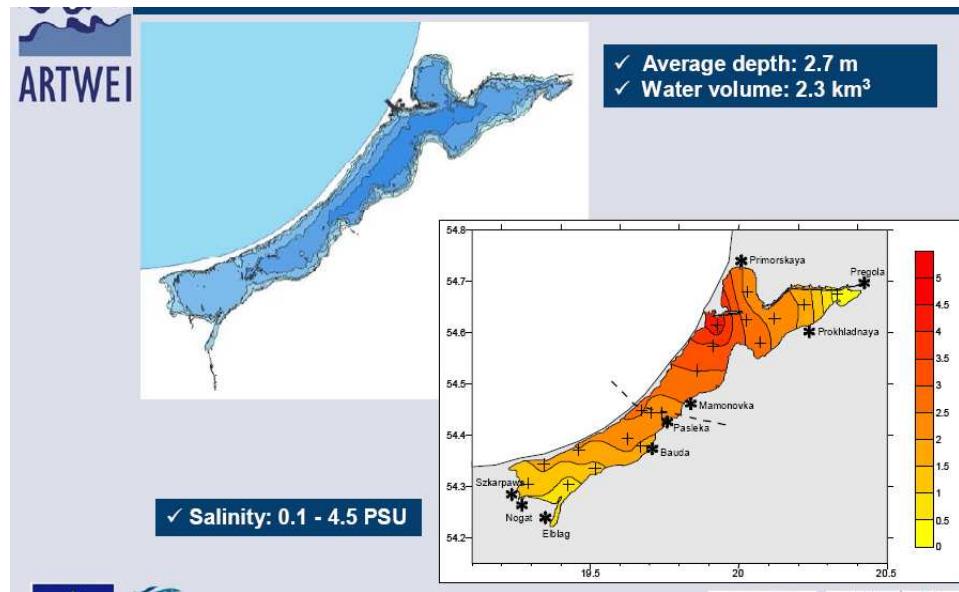
Objective: To assess the impact of climate change on the ecosystem in a coastal lagoon and on the socioeconomic local development

Directions of work:

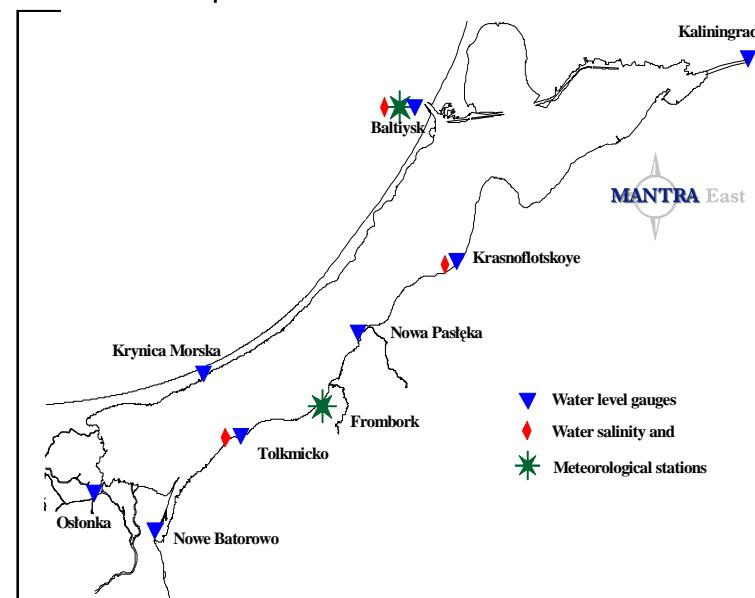
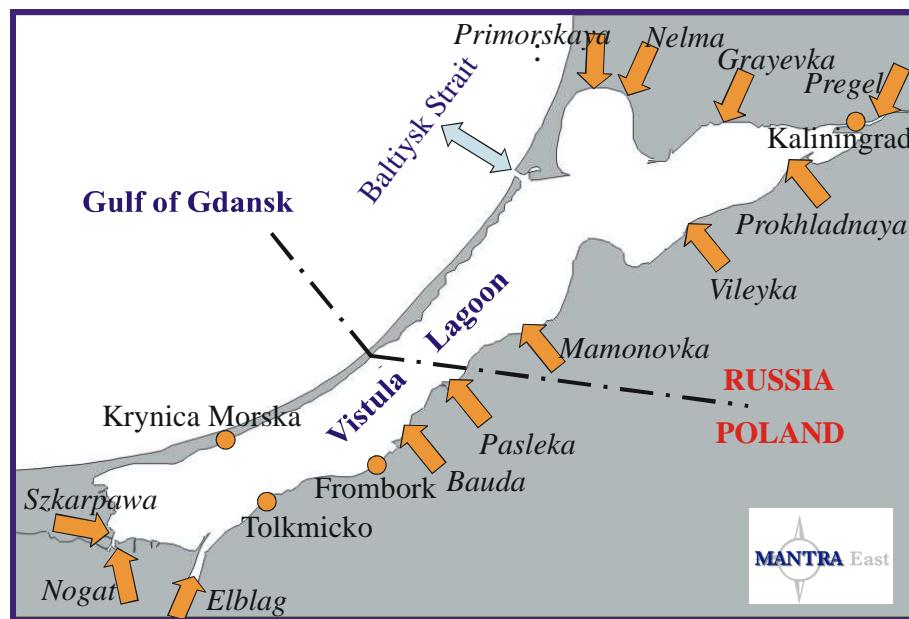
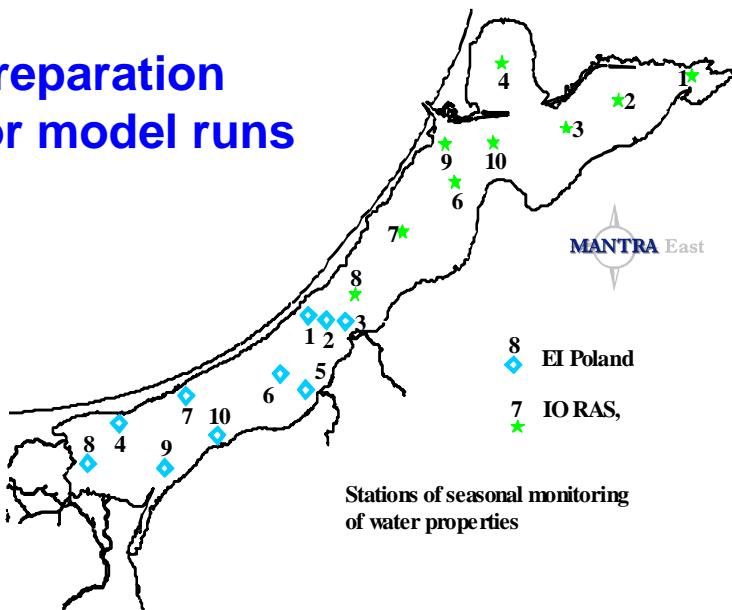
1. Analysis of control run and scenarios for Kaliningrad area
2. First steps in modeling of the Vistula Lagoon
3. Work with socio-economic issues



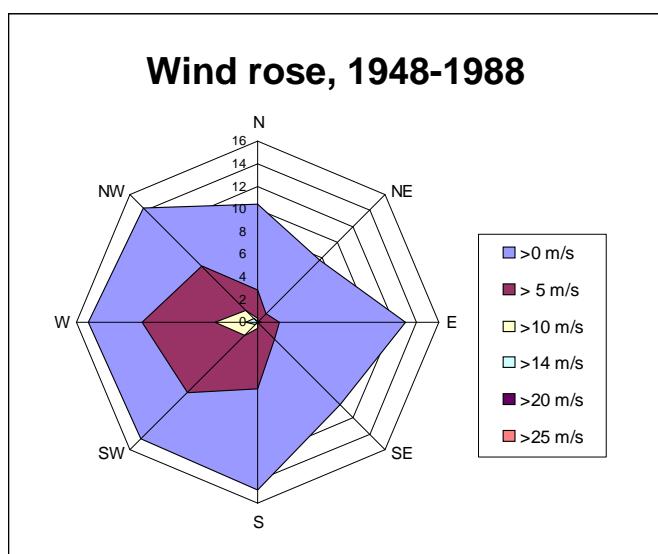
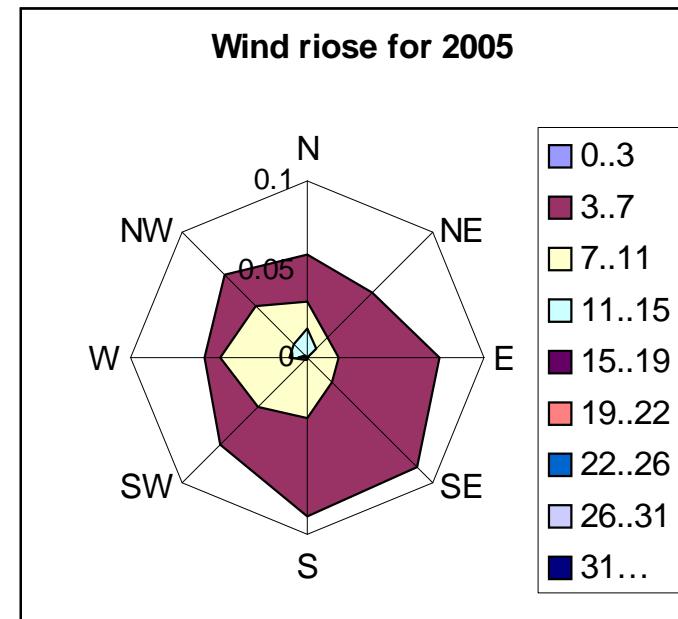
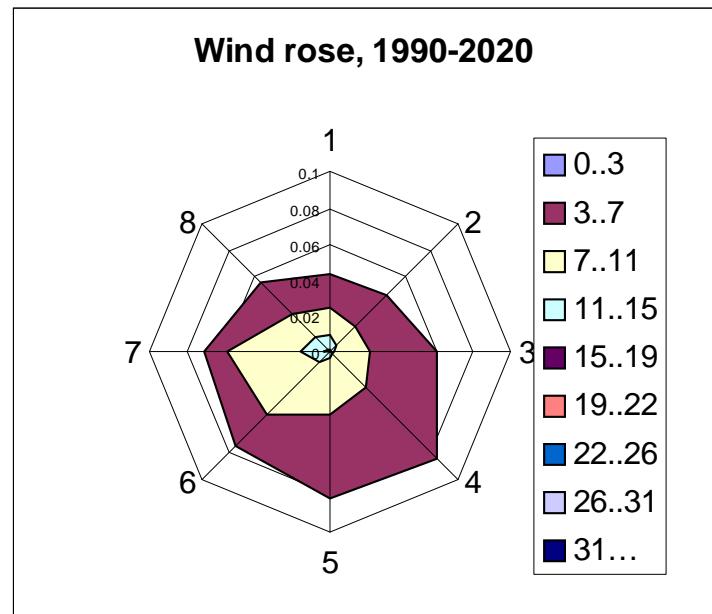




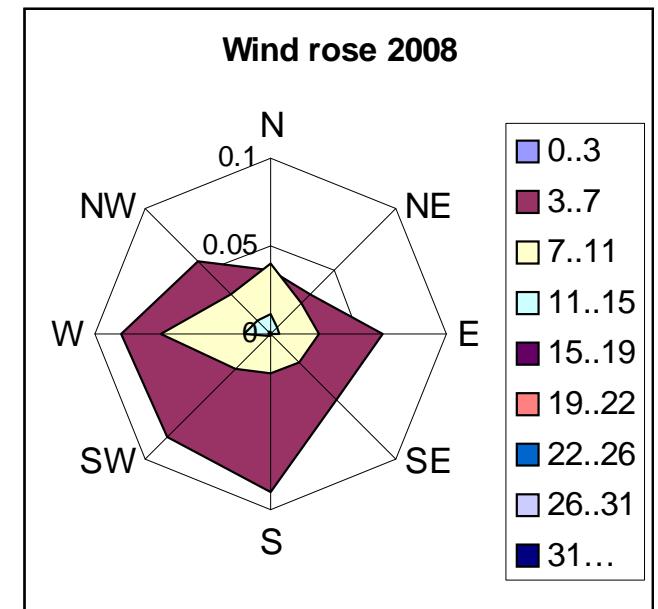
Preparation for model runs

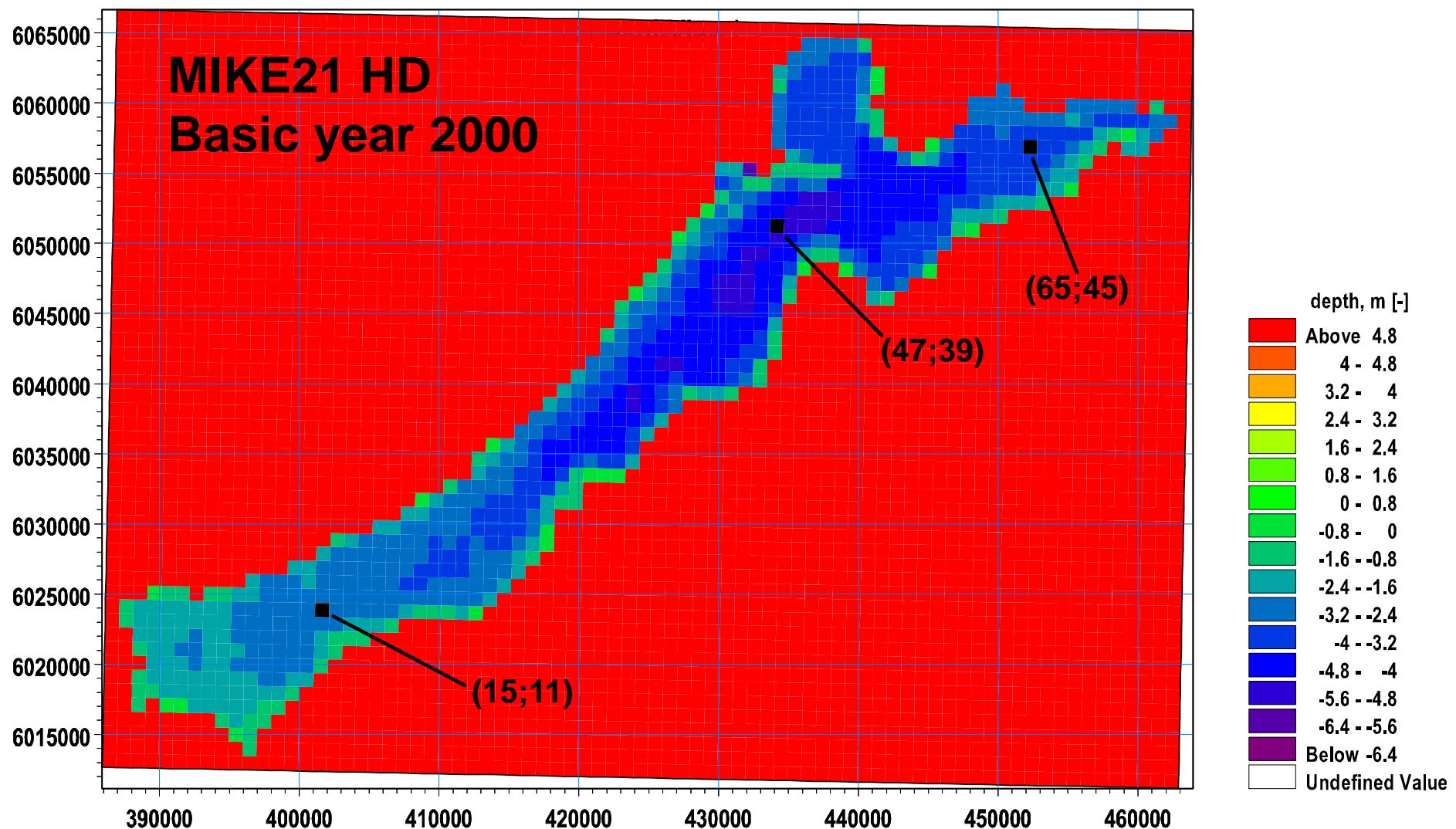


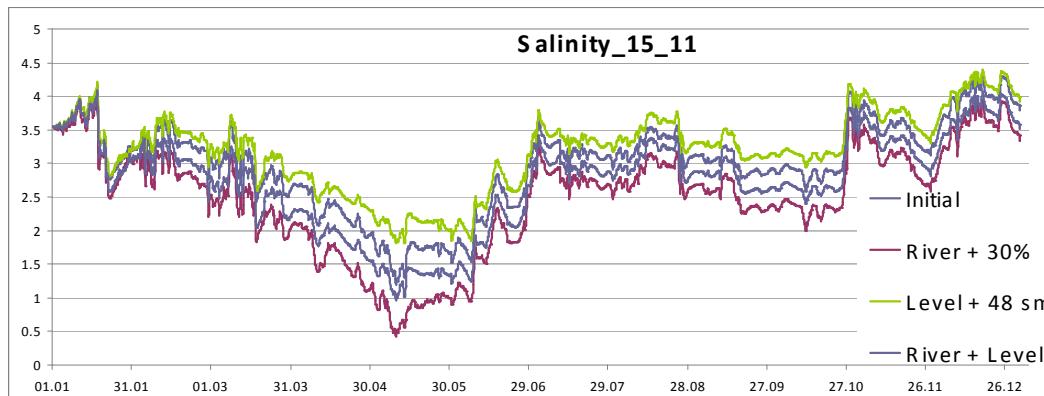
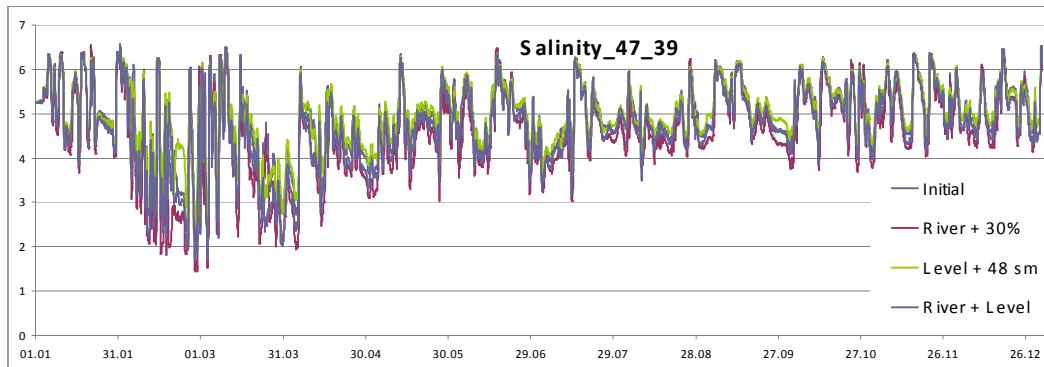
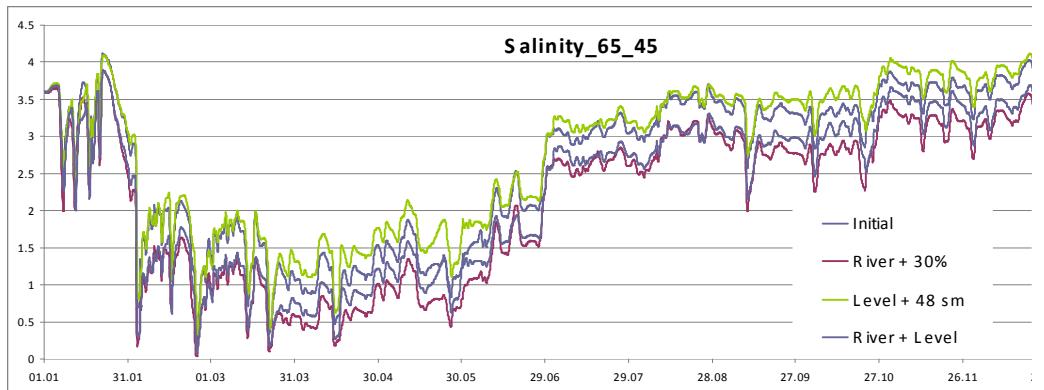
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“Typical year”?

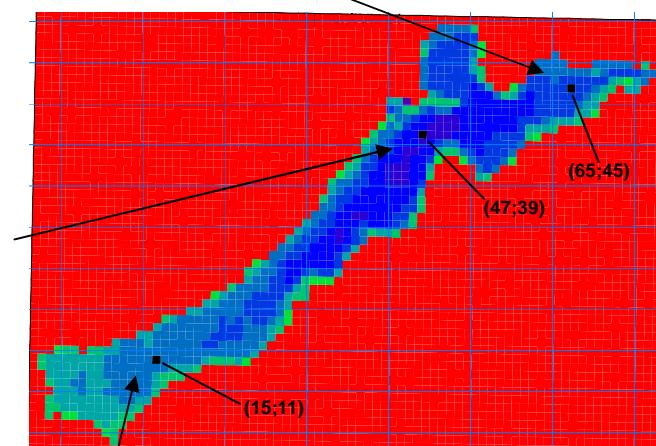


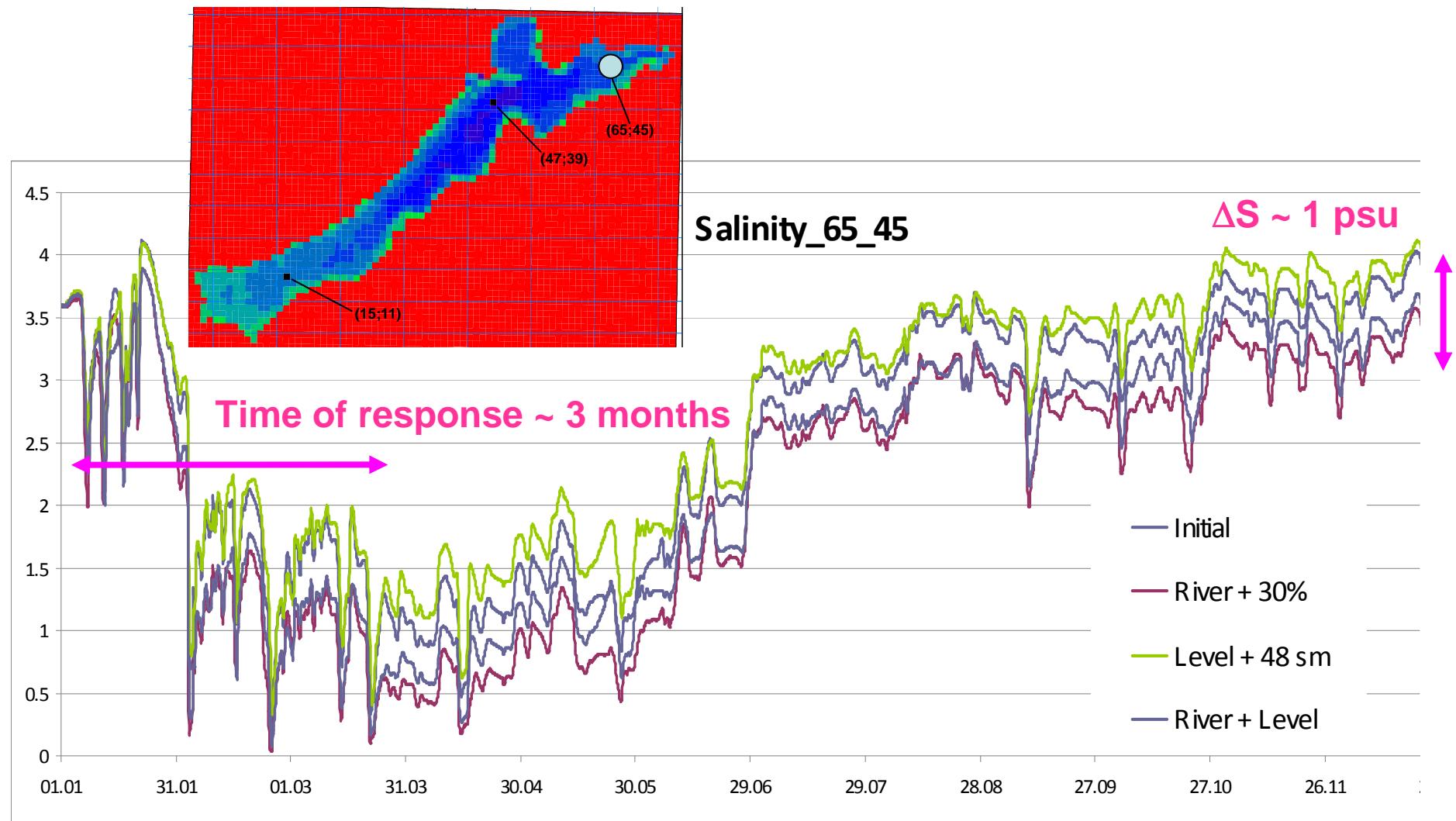


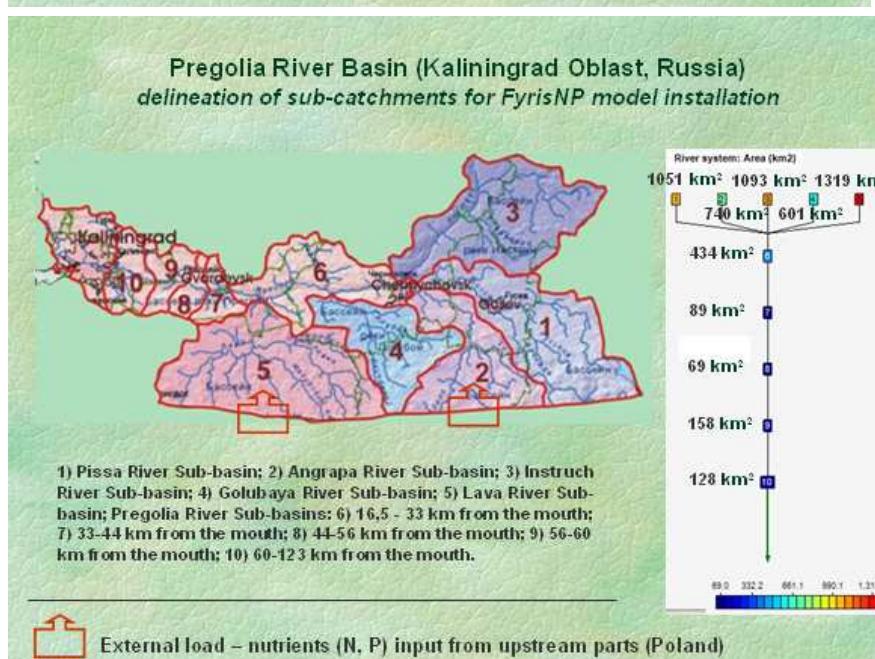
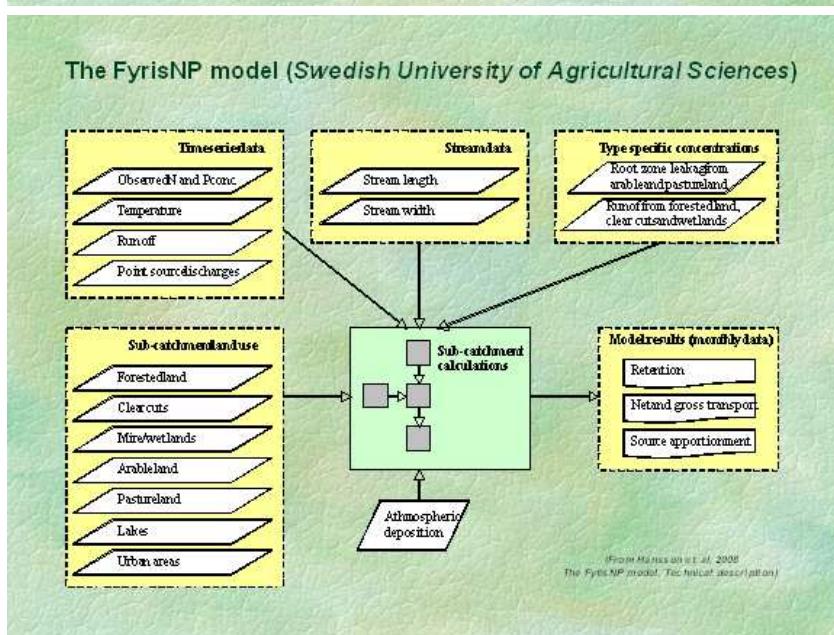
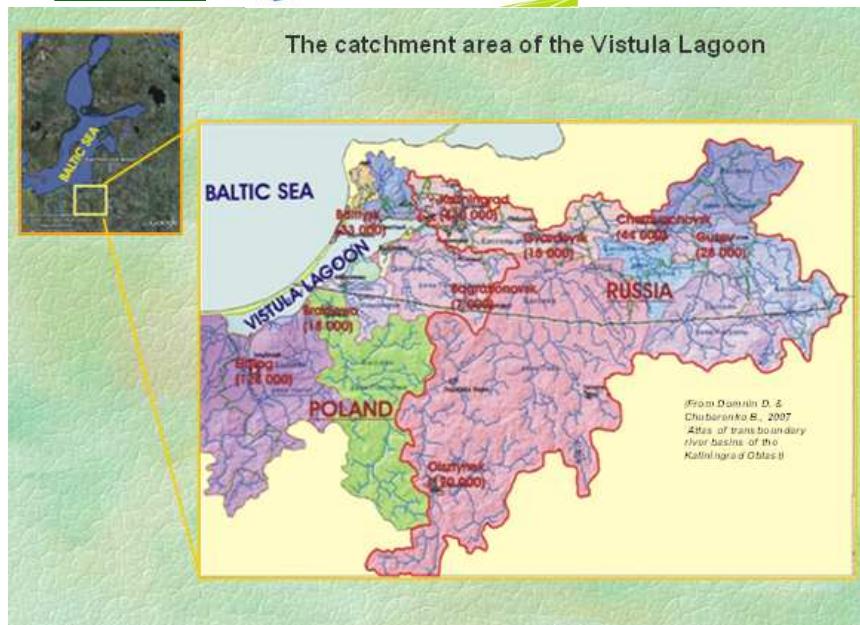


Sensitivity example:

- (1): $H = h + 48 \text{ cm}$
- (2): $Q_{\text{riv}} = Q_{\text{riv}} + 30\%$
- (3): (1) + (2)







“ECOSUPPORT in Kaliningrad: up-today results of WP4” by Boris Chubarenko

Socio-economic issues

Attitudes to climatic changes in everyday management practice at the level of Kaliningrad region municipalities

K.V. Karmanov¹, B.V. Chubarenko¹, D.Dominin¹ and A. Hansson²

- 1- Atlantic Branch of P.P.Shirhov Institute of Oceanology of Russian Academy of Sciences, 236020, Prospect Mira, 1, Kaliningrad, Russia chuboris@mail.ru
- 2 - Linköping University, Department of Thematic Studies, Linköping, Sweden



**Questionnaire according to
methodic of Linkoping University**

**SMHI OCEANOGRAPHY Report Series
No. 104, 2010**

Socio-economic issues

Administrative unit	Strategic development direction							
	Amber mining and processing	Energetics	Industrial production	Agriculture	Food industry	Marine and ground transport	Recreation and tourism	Environment preservation
Kaliningrad UD			B			A	C	
Ladushkin UD							A	
Mamonovo UD			B			A	C	
Pionerskiy UD						A	B	
Svetliy UD			B			A		
Sovetsk UD			A					
Yantarny UD	A						B	
Bagrationovsky MA				A			B	
Baltiysky MA			C	D		A	B	E
Gvardeysky MA			A	D	B	C	E	
Guryevsky MA			A	C			B	D
Gusevsky MA			A	B				
Zelenogradsky MA			C	B		D	A	
Krasnoznamensky MA		C	B	A			D	
Nemansky MA	D		A	B			E	C
Nesterovsky MA			B	A				
Ozersky MA				A				
Polesky MA				A	B			
Pravdinsky MA				A				
Svetlogorsky MA			B	C			A	
Slavsky MA			B	A			C	
Chemyakhovsky MA			C	B		A	D	
Kaliningrad region		III(5)	I(7)			II(6)		
Coastal municipalities			III(5)			I(5)	II(3)	
Inland municipalities		II/(4)	I(4)			III(1)		
Popularity	1	2	15	15	2	8	15	3

Legend

A	1 st strategic direction
B	2 nd strategic direction
C	3 rd strategic direction
D	4 th strategic direction
E	5 th strategic direction

I(5) development direction of 1st priority (number of municipalities considering this direction 1st strategic)
II(4) development direction of 2nd priority
III(3) development direction of 3rd priority
coastal municipalities
inland municipalities

The strategies of socioeconomic development for municipalities [Andriashkina & Domnin, 2009]

Which extent do they depends on climate changes?

Plan for nearest future

1. Continue with estimation of changes in Vistula Lagoon on the basis of simulations for typical year and through whole data set (... 2010)

2. The luck is in application of biogeochemical model.

Previous idea to use MIKE EU didn't work due to expire of license and a need to pay for new one + all updates from previous license.

3. Continue to analyse the socioeconomic issues

4. Finding the time scale when regional model mainly represent the local conditions

5. Application of HYPE to Pregolia River catchment using existed data

